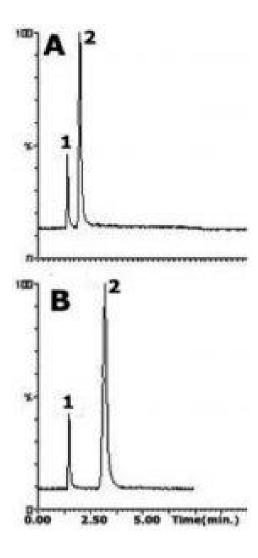


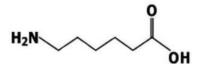
# Retain Highly Polar Compounds with LCMS - AppNote

## **Analysis of Amino-Caproic Acid by a Simple LCMS Method**

6-Amino-N-Caproic Acid is an active pharmaceutical ingredient used in massive thrombolysis and proteolysis secondary to metastatic carcinoma of the prostate. It is also a potent in vitro inhibitor of fibrinolysis. After oral administration 6-Amino-N-Caproic Acid enhances the uptake of labeled Fibrinogen in both the Walker and Murphy tumors.

The drug is also used in treatment of ulcers and many other diseases. Chromatograms presented (*A and B*) show the retention of this basic molecule using a simple Isocratic LCMS Method. Observe that when the concentration of Acetonitrile increases the retention of 6-Amino-N-Caproic Acid also increases.





#### Peaks:

1. Uracil m/z 112

2. 6-Amino-N-Caproic Acid m/z 132

### **Method Conditions**

Column: Cogent Bidentate C18™, 4µm, 100Å

Catalog No.: 40018-75P Dimensions: 4.6 x 75mm

**Mobile Phase:** 

A: 30% DI Water / 70% Acetonitrile / 0.1% Formic Acid B: 20% DI Water / 80% Acetonitrile / 0.1% Formic Acid

Injection vol.: 2µL

Flow rate: 0.5mL / minute

Detection: Mass Spectrometer – Atmospheric Pressure Chemical Ionization in positive mode: APCI+

Single Ion Monitoring

Note: Mobile phase with 0.1% Formic Acid can be used in the UV detection of 6-Amino-N-Caproic Acid at 206nm.



#### Attachment

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