

## Pore Size Estimates for Filters Explained - HPLC Primer

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### Pore Size and Porosity Explained

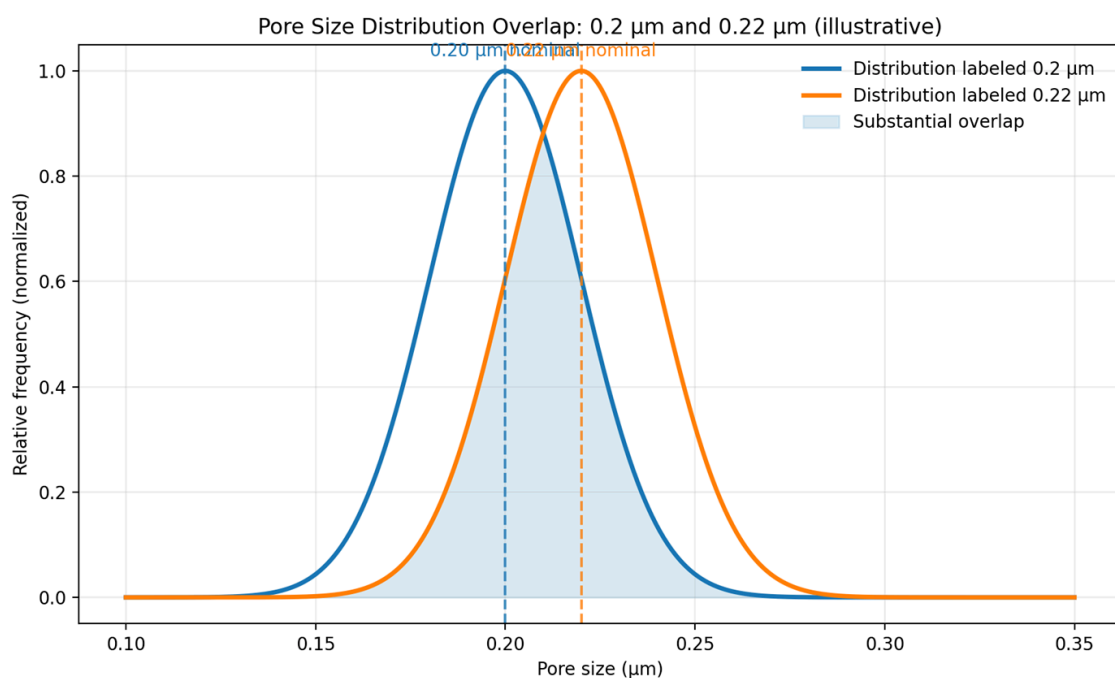
When methods specify 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$ , it reflects a nominal pore size derived from the membrane's pore size distribution—not a single, exact pore diameter. In practice, filters labeled 0.22  $\mu\text{m}$  fall within the same nominal classification and are engineered to meet the same performance expectations (e.g., microbial retention, integrity criteria) typically associated with “0.2  $\mu\text{m}$ ” in validated methods.

What this means for execution:

- A 0.22  $\mu\text{m}$  membrane represents the same nominal pore size class as 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$ .
- It should meet the method's specifications and performance requirements when those requirements are based on nominal classification and validated performance (e.g., bacterial challenge claims, integrity test limits).
- Always verify any method- or customer-specific requirements (e.g., if a protocol explicitly restricts the labeled rating).

### Illustration: Pore Size Distribution Overlap

The chart below shows two overlapping pore size distributions labeled 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  and 0.22  $\mu\text{m}$ . The substantial overlap demonstrates why a 0.22  $\mu\text{m}$  filter is considered equivalent for methods specifying 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  nominal pore size.



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