

Polypropylene Vial Sterilization Considerations - Tech Information

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Sterilization of polypropylene autosampler vials depends on the method used and the temperature involved.

Autoclaving (Steam Sterilization)

We do not recommend autoclaving our clear polypropylene autosampler vials ([9502S-PP-Clear](#)) or amber variants. Although polypropylene has a relatively high melting point (~130–171°C), these vials may warp or deform under the high heat and pressure of autoclaving (typically 121°C or higher). This can compromise vial integrity and dimensional accuracy, which is critical for autosampler compatibility.

Ethylene Oxide (EtO) Sterilization

Yes, ethylene oxide gas is a suitable method for sterilizing polypropylene vials, as long as the temperature does not exceed 120°C. EtO sterilization is a low-temperature process that is widely used for heat-sensitive plastics and is effective at eliminating microbial contamination without damaging the vial structure.

Summary

Sterilization Method Suitable for Polypropylene Vials?	Notes
Autoclaving  Not Recommended	May cause warping or deformation
Ethylene Oxide (EtO)  Yes, if ≤ 120°C	Safe and effective for sterilization

Additional Tips

- Always verify sterilization compatibility with your lab's SOPs and regulatory requirements.
- If sterility is critical, consider pre-sterilized vials or sterile packaging options.
- Avoid dry heat sterilization, which can exceed safe temperature thresholds for polypropylene.

Click [HERE](#) for More Information and Images of Polypropylene Vials

AUTOSAMPLER
VIALS AND CAPS

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