

## Using Non-Cogent Guard Column Hardware With Cogent HPLC Columns - Tech Information

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### Introduction

Guard columns play a critical role in protecting analytical columns from contaminants, extending column life, and maintaining consistent chromatographic performance. Analysts often ask whether a third-party guard column hardware system can be used effectively with a Cogent analytical column.

The key considerations involve stationary-phase compatibility and minimizing additional system dead volume.

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### Compatibility of Other Guard Hardware Systems

A guard column from another manufacturer can be successfully used with a Cogent column under specific conditions:

- Matching stationary phase: The guard column must be packed with the *same stationary phase* as the Cogent analytical column to ensure consistent selectivity and retention behavior.
- Low-dead-volume hardware: The guard hardware must introduce *little to no inherent dead volume*. Excess dead volume causes peak broadening and loss of efficiency. When these conditions are met, chromatographic results are not meaningfully affected compared to using an official Cogent guard system.

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### Using Column Couplers and System Integration

Non-integrated guard column systems can be connected to Cogent analytical columns using standard unions or column couplers.

- Universal compatibility: Any guard system that is not permanently integrated can be joined to most analytical or preparative columns.
- Coupler selection: Properly machined unions help maintain mechanical stability and avoid creating micro-voids that degrade peak shape. This approach provides flexibility when specific guard hardware is unavailable or when laboratories standardize on multi-vendor components.

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### Minimizing Efficiency Loss and Avoiding Common Issues

Although different guard hardware can be used, analysts must account for factors that can reduce efficiency:

- Tubing length: Longer tubing between the guard and analytical column increases dispersion; keep tubing as short as possible.
- Tubing condition: Check for kinks, bends, or poorly cut ends, all of which increase back pressure or introduce mixing zones.
- Quality of fittings: Poorly fitting connectors can cause leaks or add unnecessary dead space. By controlling these variables, laboratories can maintain high efficiency even when using non-Cogent guard hardware.

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## Conclusion

Non-Cogent guard column hardware can be used effectively with Cogent analytical columns when the stationary phase matches and the hardware adds minimal dead volume.

Proper couplers, short tubing lengths, and quality fittings ensure that chromatographic performance remains uncompromised.

Click [HERE](#) for column couplers ordering information and pictures.



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