

Bromhexine HPLC Method Development - Tips and Suggestions

Date: 20-JUNE-2014 Last Updated: 16-JANUARY-2026

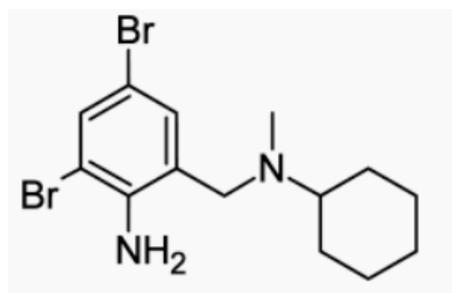
Mobile phase:

20:80 Potassium di-hydrogen phosphate buffer

(Potassium di-hydrogen phosphate 1.0g, add 900ml DI water, then change pH to 7.0 with 0.5mol / L NaOH solution and dilution it to 1000ml with DI water) / acetonitrile

Column temperature: 40°C

Detection: UV @ 245nm



Bromhexine Structure

Suggestion: Try using a [Cogent Bidentate C18™ Column](#). The compound should be adequately retained under Reversed Phase conditions. Instead of the phosphate buffer, consider using an acidic additive such as 0.1% formic acid. The pH 7 conditions used here may not be ideal for optimum peak shape of this compound.

In addition, phosphate buffers are not LCMS compatible, thereby limiting the scope of the method. Also phosphate buffers have been known to permanently alter the selectivity of HPLC columns. The mobile phase will also be simpler to prepare with an acid additive.



[Cogent Bidentate C18 Ordering Information](#)

Printed from the Chrom Resource Center

Copyright 2025, All Rights Apply

MicroSolv Technology Corporation

9158 Industrial Blvd. NE, Leland, NC 28451

Tel: (732) 380-8900

Fax: (910) 769-9435

Email: customers@mtc-usa.com

Website: www.mtc-usa.com